USQ #GCX-2

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HOISTING AND RIGGING	Manual	Engineering
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## Ownership matrix

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#### 1.0 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

(7.1.1, 7.1.2, 7.1.3)

This procedure defines the process for conducting hoisting and rigging activities for WRPS. It also provides instructions for preparing hoisting and rigging instructions (e.g., critical or special lift determination (A-6003-884), critical lift plans, and special lift instructions). This procedure also defines the process to ensure the structural integrity of permanently installed lifting points.

TFC-CHARTER-31 provides the hoisting and rigging program charter. The safety procedure TFC-ESHQ-S-STD-28 also provides safety-related hoisting and rigging requirements.

Hoisting and Rigging activities within the scope of this procedure must comply with DOE-RL-92-36, "Hanford Site Hoisting and Rigging Manual," as well as TFC-ESHQ-S-STD-28 and this procedure.

#### 2.0 IMPLEMENTATION

The procedure is effective on the date shown in the header.

### 3.0 RESPONSIBILITIES

Responsibilities are contained within Section 4.1-4.6.

#### 4.0 PROCEDURE

For general requirements, see TFC-ESHQ-S-STD-28, section 4.0 - General Requirements.

#### 4.1 General Instructions

Field Work Supervisor

- 1. Coordinate and supervise performance of planned lifts.
- 2. Verify that the hoisting and rigging contractor has inspected and evaluated all lifting points as required by DOE-RL-92-36 and that all concerns have been adequately addressed and documented in the work package. Contact a qualified Rigging Engineer for any additional lifting point concerns.
- 3. Verify that required tags have been installed and the information on the tags is correct.
- 4. Ensure all other lifting bail tags that are not in accordance with this procedure are removed.
- 5. Ensure pre-job briefings are performed in accordance with TFC-OPS-MAINT-C-02.
- 6. Ensure all lifts are performed in accordance with applicable procedures, instructions, DOE-RL-92-36, TFC-ESHQ-S-STD-28, and this procedure.
- 7. For all special lifts, ensure that form A-6003-884 is complete and all required signatures are present before performing the lift.

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- 8. Ensure all field revisions to critical lift plans are made in accordance with DOE-RL-92-36. Field revisions to special lift plans require the approval of the Field Work Supervisor and the Rigging Engineer
- 9. Verify the crane load chart rating and crane capacity in the intended configuration with the designated lead (DL) and crane operator prior to conducting the lift. If the load being lifted is 80% or more of the crane's maximum rated capacity or 90% or more of the crane's load chart capacity then ensure a critical lift plan is used to perform the lift.

### Quality Assurance

- 10. For first time lifts of cover blocks, ensure tags are installed on each cover block listing the following information:
  - Work order number
  - Weight of component in pounds
  - Key block (if applicable)
  - Test date.

NOTE: Tagging of any other items (cover plates, shield plugs, etc.) is at the discretion of the system/component engineer.

## Designated Leader

- 11. Perform pre-lift and pre-job requirements in accordance with DOE-RL-92-36, TFC-OPS-MAINT-C-02, and this procedure.
- 12. Perform all lifts as designed and approved.
- 13. Ensure Page 3 of <u>A-6003-884</u>, Riggers and Operators Field Verification Checklist, is completed and approved for all special lifts prior to the lift being performed. This checklist is not required for critical lifts.

## 4.2 Critical and Special Lifts

## Facility Manager/ Project Manager

1. Determine facility or project hoisting and rigging needs and scheduled work activities.

A lift shall be designated critical based on the following criteria. In addition, any lift not subject to the following criteria may be designated critical as determined by the facility or project manager:

- Loss of control of the item being lifted would likely result in declaration of a "Site Area Emergency" or "General Emergency" as defined in the facility emergency plan or construction site emergency plan.
- The item being lifted is unique and, if damaged, would be irreplaceable or not repairable and is vital to a system, facility, or project operation.
- The cost to replace or repair the item being lifted, or the delay in operations of having the item damaged would have a

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		negative impact on facility, organizational, the extent that it would affect program com-	_
		• The item, although non-critical, is to be lifted close proximity to a critical item or component	
		• The load being lifted is 80% or more of a m load chart rating (total maximum capacity of 90% or more of the crane's load chart rating configuration for the maximum radius to be	of the crane) or g in any
		In this situation the radius shall be verified measurement and not by the LMI alone.	by actual
		• Two mobile cranes are lifting the load and to equals more than 70% of one or both cranes the maximum radius that will be experienced.	's chart rating for
2	2.	If a lift is considered critical or special, complete and Instructions Determination form ( <u>A-6003-884</u> ).	sign the Lift
3	3.	Relay to the area task planner the proposed hoisting a and requirements.	and rigging needs
Planner 4	4.	Coordinate development of the Critical Lift Plan or S Instructions in accordance with the guidelines set for Instructions Determination ( <u>A-6003-884</u> ) and this pro-	th in the Lift
5	5.	As a minimum, ensure critical lift plans contain approfrom the following personnel:	oval signatures
		Technical Approver – Qualified person have knowledge of the hoisting and rigging equipment designated by the responsible hoisting and rigging and rigging equipment.	oment, as
		Qualified Rigging Engineer	
		• Responsible Field Work Supervisor (FWS)	
		• Qualified Occupational Safety Representati field safety representative	ve – normally a
		• Responsible manager – normally the facility manager.	y or project

Additional signatures may be added as required by the facility or project manager.

6. Include the original Critical Lift Plan as part of the work package as the implementing document for the pre-job briefing and performance of the lift(s).

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	7.	For development of special lift the Lift Instructions Determinat	instructions, coordinate completion of tion form ( <u>A-6003-884</u> ).
Manager responsible for lift/Rigging Engineer/System Engineer	8.	Once completed, this form, alor	Determination form (A-6003-884).  ng with any sketches and/or additional pecial Lift Instruction and is inserted
		capture necessary information t	included in the form, which is used to o be included in the work package, such orming inspection, replacing cover a spacers and spreader beams.
Planner	9.	signatures and is delivered to th	(A-6003-884) contains the required be hoisting and rigging contractor for plan or added directly to the work action.
		Verification Checklist	k, Riggers and Operators Field t, is required for all special lifts and must rk package for those lifts.
		required for critical lif	rators Field Verification Checklist is not fits and should be discarded prior to into the work package for critical lifts.
Critical Lift Procedure Preparer (Author)	10.	Using the completed and approduce direction, prepare the Critical L facility/project planner.	ved <u>A-6003-884</u> form as guidance and ift Plan and return it to the
Planner	11.	Submit the work package for ap TFC-OPS-MAINT-C-01.	oproval in accordance with
	12.	Complete all applicable post-lif	t documentation.
			tical and special lifts is retained in completed work package. This satisfies Section 3.7 of <u>DOE-RL-92-36</u> .
Rigging Engineer	13.	Ensure that critical lift plans and following statement when appli	d special lift instructions include the cable:
		"Engineering has estable Exceed Lifting Pull lim	lished the Recommended Not-To- uit as xxxx lbs."

NOTE: This applies to lifting items that may be rusted in place or otherwise potentially stuck.

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- 14. For critical and special lifts, if test documentation is not available for permanently installed rigging hardware, ensure that appropriate supporting calculations, design media, inspection requirements, torque requirements, and hoisting and rigging requirements are included prior to approving the critical lift plan/special lift instructions.
- 15. Review the critical lift plan or special lift instruction and determine if it is ready for implementation.
  - a. If it meets conditions for approval, sign and return the plan/instruction to the planner.
  - b. If it does not meet conditions for approval, return the plan/instruction to the planner with recommendations for revision.

Safety & Health

- 16. Perform functions as the "responsible Safety organization" in accordance with DOE-RL-92-36.
- 17. Ensure subcontractor's critical lift plans and critical lifts they perform are approved by the subcontractor's internal safety organization prior to approval.
- 18. Review and approve by signing the Critical Lift Plan.

#### 4.3 Lifting Point Inspection Preparation for Critical and Special Lifts

The process for verification of lifting point structural integrity is shown in Figure 1.

Lifting point inspections shall be performed using a graded approach. Cover blocks/cover plates with permanently installed lifting points shall be inspected using Section 4.6, and evaluated using RPP-8360. Shield plugs shall be inspected and evaluated as determined by the system/component engineer. Non-analyzed shield plugs should be lifted using a spacer. Items to be lifted will be inspected and evaluated in accordance with <a href="DOE-RL-92-36">DOE-RL-92-36</a> by the hoisting and rigging contractor, including lift points under multiple (stacked) cover blocks or where lifting points are difficult to access. The need for additional inspection and evaluation is at the discretion of the rigging engineer, the system engineer, or the component engineer.

NOTE: Cover blocks/cover plates that will not be lifted over tank farm structures (such as underground storage tanks, catch tanks, double-contained receiver tanks) and are not considered critical or special lifts only require inspection and evaluation by the hoisting and rigging contractor per <a href="DOE-RL-92-36">DOE-RL-92-36</a>.

Field Crane Coordinator 1. Ensure lift schedule is available to the system/component and hoisting and rigging engineers.

System/Component Engineer

2. Follow TFC-ENG-DESIGN-D-37; provide supporting documentation to planner, as needed.

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Planner	3.	Prepare a field inspection folder, if requested by the component engineer, containing pertinent lifting prepared Engineering Change Notices (ECNs), and a blank Inspection Report for each lifting point.	point drawings,
	4.	Ensure that the work order supports the field inspe	ection.
4.4 Field Inspection	l		
Quality Assurance	1.	If required by Engineering, perform field inspection with Section 4.6.	ons in accordance
		a. Ensure that traceability is maintained between documents and the inspected lifting point	*
		b. Deliver the Lifting Point Field Inspection system/component engineer.	Report to the
System or Component Engineer	2.	Evaluate the field inspection report (in accordance with TFC-ENG-DESIGN-D-37), and based on findings, perform the required actions to ensure that the identified lifting points can be safely used.	
Rigging Engineer	3.	Evaluate corrective actions and approve ECNs in accordance with TFC-ENG-DESIGN-D-37.	
4.5 Structural Analy	ysis		
System or Component Engineer	1.	Perform structural analysis and determine lifting powith TFC-ENG-DESIGN-D-37 and provide data to	
Engineering Discipline Lead - Civil/Structural Discipline	2.	Determine the type of calculation required in according to the control of the con	
Analyst	3.	Perform structural evaluation of lifting points in acc TFC-ENG-DESIGN-C-10 and RPP-8360.	cordance with
System or Component Engineer	4.	Based on the structural evaluation, determine if the adequate to lift the intended item (e.g., cover block plug) and verify tags are in place as applicable (see and 10).	, cover plate, shield
		a. If adequate, notify the planner and provide copy of the analytical calculations.	the planner with a
		b. If inadequate, contact the Engineering Disc Structural, for a resolution (RPP-9514).	cipline Lead - Civil/

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Analyst

- 5. Record analysis as required by <u>TFC-ENG-DESIGN-C-10</u>. Document computational calculations on <u>A-6003-884</u>, item 9.
- 6. Record inspection report results and analysis into the Integrated Data Management System (IDMS) Lifting Point database per TFC-ENG-DESIGN-D-27.

## 4.6 Inspection of Existing Permanently Installed Lifting Points

This section ensures that lifting points are inspected and that the inspection findings are correctly provided in the evaluation package (see Figure 2).

NOTE: The Lifting Point Field Report (site form A-6003-764 or A-6003-765) records the observed condition of existing lifting points for comparison to lifting point design documentation and supporting calculations.

# System/Component Engineer

- 1. Evaluate if Quality Assurance (QA) field inspection is needed.
- 2. If the decision is made to not use QA field inspection, photograph the lifting point(s).
- 3. Document observations in Lifting Point Field Report By Engineer (A-6003-764) as well as Field Inspection Document Index (A-6003-766).
- 4. If a decision is made to use QA field inspection (A-6003-765), prepare inspection folder.

## Quality Assurance Technician

- 5. If measuring and test equipment will be used in the inspection process, record the manufacturer, model, serial number, and calibration status in Section 6.0 of A-6003-765.
- 6. Using the documents specified by the planner in the Field Inspection Document Index (A-6003-766), perform an inspection of each lifting point e.g., cover block, cover plate, shield plug, identified.
- 7. To the maximum extent practicable, complete an inspection report for each lifting point.
  - a. If any part of the QA inspection (A-6003-765) cannot be completed, record the reason for non-completion on the Lifting Field Inspection Report (A-6003-765) and appropriately annotate the steps that will not be completed.
  - b. If corrosion is present, other than superficial surface rust, inform the system engineer.
  - c. Submit the completed Lifting Point Field Inspection Report to the system/component engineer.

NOTE: The lifting point inspection report, by itself, does not determine if a lifting point is safe to use.

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# System/Component Engineer

- 8. Review the Lifting Point Field Inspection Report for completeness and accuracy.
- 9. Determine if additional inspection or Non-Destructive Examination (NDE) is required and specify any additional inspection or NDE in Section 5.0 of the Lifting Point Field Inspection Report form (A-6003-765).
- 10. Return the Lifting Point Field Inspection Report to Quality Assurance if additional inspection or NDE is required.

NOTE: All additional inspection and/or NDE results shall be noted and recorded on the Lifting Point Field Inspection Report.

11. Sign the Lifting Point Field Inspection Report when the report is complete, and forward the report to an analyst and put an electronic copy into <u>IDMS</u>.

#### 5.0 **DEFINITIONS**

<u>First time lift</u>. Any lift performed on a cover block that does not have a weight tag installed in accordance with this procedure.

<u>Outrigger pad</u>. Blocking which is placed under a crane's outrigger floats to provide greater stability for the crane.

<u>Permanently installed lifting point</u>. Any lifting point that is a permanent part of the item to be lifted or a lift point that is left in place on the item to be lifted.

<u>Temporary installed lifting point</u>. Lifting points installed for specific lifts and subsequently removed. These lift points are considered rigging hardware and are addressed by <u>DOE-RL-92-36</u> (e.g., temporarily installed swivel hoist rings and shouldered eye bolts).

#### 6.0 RECORDS

The following records are generated during the performance of this procedure:

Record Description	Vital Record Y/N	QA Record Y/N	QA Record Retention L/NP	NARA Retention Schedule	Other Retention Requirements	Records Custodian
Work Order	Y	Y	Y	ENV-1.d8a	N/A	Planning
Hoisting and Rigging: Lift	N	N	N	ENV-1.d8a	N/A	Planning
Instructions Determination form						
(A-6003-884)						

The identified record custodian is responsible for record retention in accordance with TFC-BSM-IRM DC-C-02.

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## 7.0 SOURCES

## 7.1 Requirements

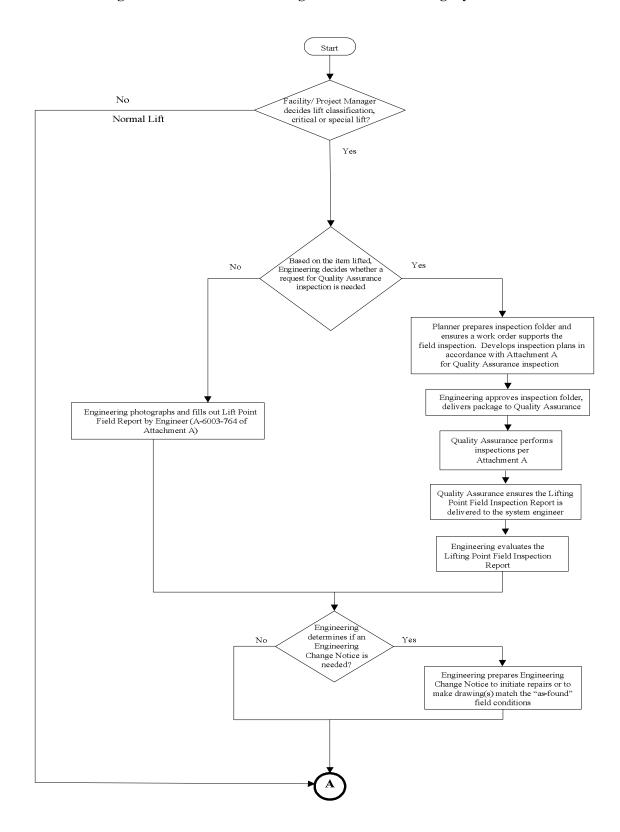
- 1. <u>DOE-RL-92-36</u>, "Hanford Site Hoisting and Rigging Manual."
- 2. TFC-CHARTER-31, "Hoisting And Rigging Committee Charter."
- 3. TFC-ESHQ-S-STD-28, "Hoisting and Rigging Safety."

## 7.2 References

- 1. Lessons Learned Bulletin Number: IB-06-055. "Eyebolt and Swivel Hoist Ring Temperature Limitations." Nov. 27 2006.
- 2. RPP-8360, "Lifting Bail Evaluation Process."
- 3. RPP-9551, "Qualification Test of the Bail Repair Assembly & Bail Load Testing."
- 4. RPP-16330, "Standard Lifting Point Rated Load Capacities."
- 5. RPP-CALC-25074, "Crane Outrigger Pad loads over Waste Transfer Lines."
- 6. TFC-BSM-IRM DC-C-02, "Records Management."
- 7. TFC-ENG-DESIGN-C-06, "Engineering Change Control."
- 8. TFC-ENG-DESIGN-D-27, "Electronic Information Files."
- 9. TFC-ENG-FACSUP-C-23, "Equipment Identification and Data Management."
- 10. TFC-OPS-MAINT-C-01, "Tank Operations Contractor Work Control."
- 11. TFC-OPS-MAINT-C-02, "Pre-Job Briefings."

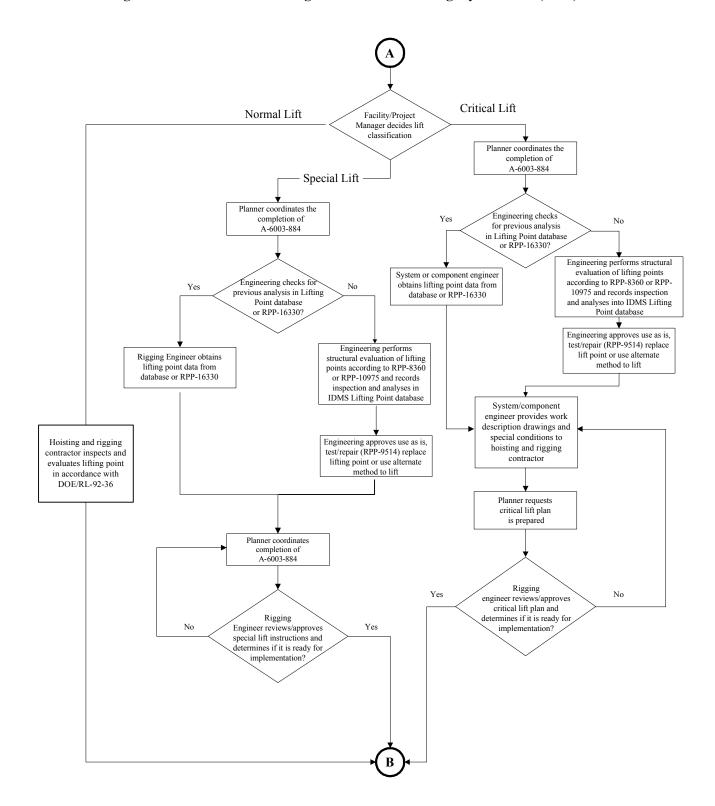
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Figure 1. Verification of Lifting Point Structural Integrity Process.



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Figure 1. Verification of Lifting Point Structural Integrity Process. (cont.)



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Figure 1. Verification of Lifting Point Structural Integrity Process. (cont.)

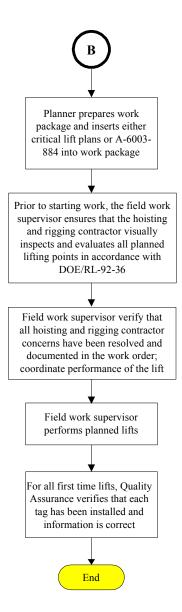


Figure 2. Inspection of Permanent Lifting Points Process.

